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New Copyright Law in India gives Rights to Authors and Producers of Music



The Indian Parliament has approved a landmark new bill that will bring major changes to the country's current copyright law, officials announced late last month. The legislation is expected to have major implications for areas ranging from the relationship between authors and producers in the music sector to limitations and exceptions for people with disabilities.

The Copyright (Amendment) Bill 2012, sponsored by Human Resources Development Minister Kapil Sibal, also seeks to bring Indian copyright regulations up to date with international norms, such as the World Intellectual Property Organization's (WIPO) Copyright Treaty and its Performances and Phonograms Treaty.

The Lok Sabha - India's lower house of Parliament - unanimously passed the legislation on 22 May, after the Rajya Sabha - India's upper house of Parliament - approved the measure a few days prior. The legislation will next require presidential approval before it can enter into force.

'Artistes' can now reap benefits of their work

The amendment's potential ramifications for the music and movie industry have been the center of attention since the parliamentary vote. The bill effectively makes authors, lyricists, composers, and other 'artistes' owners of the copyright of their work in films, which had previously been assigned to film

producers. It also requires radio and TV broadcasters to pay royalties to the owners of the copyright every time a work is broadcast.

Developments on exceptions, digital environment

The new Indian copyright regime also encompasses more specific exceptions and limitations for persons with disabilities, covering all copyrighted material in "accessible format" - such as Braille - as well as other formats, if the latter are being used by non-profits working with the disabled.

An international instrument for the print disabled has been a recurring topic of discussion at WIPO's Standing Committee on Copyright and Related Rights (SCCR), though progress has been slow as of late. The next SCCR meeting is scheduled for July.

The new Indian bill also allows students to use copyrighted material for research purposes and extends fair dealing rights to all works, with the exception of software. In addition, compulsory licensing now applies to foreign works as well, in case they are published elsewhere but not in India.

On the enforcement front, the amendment introduces a fine and a maximum of two years' imprisonment for piracy offenses. It will also provide some protection to Internet providers in case of "transient or incidental storage of a work or performance for the purpose of providing electronic links, access, or integration," provided that the person responsible recognises, or has "reasonable grounds" for believing, that an infringing copy is being stored.

WTO Reports Says 4% of G-20 Trade is under Restriction

Protectionist measures are on the rise in the Group of 20 leading economies, according to a new report issued last week by the WTO. The finding comes just weeks ahead of the annual G-20 summit, set to be held in Los Cabos, Mexico on 18-19 June.

The report is part of a joint exercise by the WTO, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), and the UN Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) to monitor G-20 countries' adherence to their pledges to refrain from trade and investment protectionism in the financial crisis and its aftermath. The three organisations have issued reports monitoring new trade and investment measures, both restrictive and liberalising, at roughly six-month intervals since September 2009.

Over 100 new trade restrictive measures

The WTO found 124 new trade restrictive measures since the last report was issued in mid-October 2011. These restrictions cover 1.1 percent of G-20 merchandise imports, or 0.9 percent of world imports, with no slowdown in the imposition of such

barriers since the last report.

The sectors most frequently affected by these trade restrictions during the past seven months included iron and steel, electrical machinery and equipment, vehicles, vegetables, beverages and spirits, and chemical products.

Trade restrictive measures implemented since October 2008, excluding those that have since been terminated, now cover nearly 3 percent of world merchandise trade, and almost four percent of G-20 trade, the WTO said.

The build-up of trade restrictions "is clearly adding to the downside risks to the global economy," the global trade body commented, finding that there has been no sign of increased efforts to remove existing barriers, "particularly those introduced since the start of the global crisis."

Export restrictions, trade remedy investigations decrease

Notably, the report found a decrease in the number of new export restrictions, a subject that has been a source of concern for its potential impact on price levels. While the previous

report had found 19 new export restrictions, this latest analysis noted only 11 new ones among the G-20, mainly in the form of quotas or bans. Some of these, the WTO found, were only issued on a temporary basis.

The main sectors affected by export restrictions in the last seven months were live animals and dairy produce, cotton, rattan, and rattan furniture. Meanwhile, trade remedy investigations

continue to decrease, with the exception of countervailing -anti-subsidy - measures. These were mainly due to reductions in such probes by Brazil, India, and Argentina, while the US, EU, and Australia - long-time users of these investigations - saw an increase in these measures, though at levels well below their historical peaks.

Daewoo Washing Machines Slapped with 71% Anti-subsidy Duty in US

The U.S. Commerce Department told Daewoo Electronics Corp. to pay a 71 percent import duty on large, residential washing machines made in South Korea, after the company didn't respond to a probe of government subsidies.

The agency announced a preliminary finding on 30 May after Whirlpool Corp. (WHR) of Benton Harbor, Michigan, said in a Dec. 30 complaint that Seoul-based Daewoo, LG Electronics Inc. (066570) and Samsung Electronics Co. (005930) of Suwon, South Korea, sell washers in the U.S. for less than production costs.

The finding comes after Daewoo in March said it was 'on track' to diversify distribution channels by supplying Wal-Mart Stores Inc. as it targeted doubling North America home appliance sales to \$150 million this year. Samsung was ordered to pay a 1.2 percent duty, and LG Electronics 0.22 percent on the washing machines imported to the U.S. from South Korea, according to the agency. All other companies would pay 1.2 percent.

Daewoo will discuss the matter with its U.S. unit and decide how to respond before the final finding is announced, Gwon Dae Hoon, a spokesman for the company, said today by phone.

The higher duty set for Daewoo reflects the company's refusal to respond to an investigation of South Korean subsidies for the makers, which



sell about \$569 million worth of the machines a year in the U.S., the agency said.

Whirlpool 'Pleased'

Samsung is "confident that once the full investigation is concluded, the U.S. Department of Commerce will confirm that Samsung is in compliance," the company said by e-mail. "Samsung respects the trade rules in the U.S. market."

LG will fully cooperate until the final decision is made, the company said on 31 May in an e-mailed response to a News query.

Whirlpool is pleased "given the proven record that South Korean appliance producers have benefitted from their government's subsidies that violate trade law," Kristine Vernier, a spokeswoman, said in a statement.

Countervailing Duties

The agency's decision sets countervailing duties, which are imposed to offset government subsidies. The Commerce Department hasn't issued results of its investigation into Whirlpool's anti-dumping complaint against imports from Korea and Mexico. That decision is scheduled next month, according to a statement.

The Commerce Department and the U.S. International Trade Commission, an independent agency, are scheduled to make their final determinations on the trade disputes later this year.

various Central Ministries and Departments will have the following broad framework of functions:

- To resolve Inter-Ministerial issues that affect the air cargo logistics operations in the country and to achieve better efficiency.
- To review, on a continuous basis the general and sectoral policy regimes governing Air Cargo Logistics operations with a view to remove bottlenecks to efficiency.
- To review and monitor the functioning of Cargo Facilitation Committee that are headed by Airport Directors of AAI and other private/JV airports with a view to review the effectiveness of these bodies.
- To lay down policy guidelines for setting up of Air Cargo facilities at airports, air freight stations/cargo villages including guidelines for Public Private Partnership model of development of these facilities.
- To act as a coordinating agency to ensure expeditious clearance of the proposals for setting up of air cargo facilities at airports, air freight stations/cargo villages in the country subject to fulfillment of all statutory requirements.
- To lay down performance standards relating to quality of service in the air cargo logistics supply chain to be monitored by the Airports Economic Regulatory Authority (AERA) for implementation.
- To review the progress on development of major gateway airports as cargo hubs through facilitating transshipment and
- To review periodically implementation of the proposals cleared by the Board.

Representatives of the Ministries of Environment and Forests, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Ministry of Home Affairs,, Ministry of Railways, Ministry of Road Transport and Highways, Ministry of Shipping, Planning Commission, and Representatives of Department of Agriculture and Cooperation, Department of Commerce, Department of Revenue, Central Board of Excise and Customs, Container Corporation of India Ltd, Joint Secretary dealing with Airport Infrastructure, Ministry of Civil Aviation, Commissioner of Security, Board of Civil Aviation Security, Airports Authority of India and Economic Advisor, Ministry of Civil Aviation as Member Secretary will comprise the 17-member Board which may co-opt representatives of any other Ministry/ Department of Government of India, State Governments, Financial Institutions and professional experts and representatives of the Industry as and when necessary.

Ajit Singh Sets Up Inter Ministerial Air Cargo Logistics Board

The Ministry of Civil Aviation, Government of India has formed an Inter-Ministerial Air Cargo Logistic Board headed by Secretary, Ministry of Civil Aviation. The Board will lay down the policy guidelines for setting up of air cargo facilities at airports and will also set performance standards relating to the quality of service in the air cargo logistic supply chain.

The Civil Aviation Minister, Ajit Singh has set up the Board with an objectives to resolve inter-ministerial issues that affects the air cargo operations in the country. The Board will review, on a continuous basis, the general and sectoral policy regime governing air cargo logistic operations and remove the bottlenecks to efficiency.

The Ministry of Civil Aviation has earlier constituted a working group on air cargo and service industry to set priority of issues and recommend policy initiatives on air cargo express service industry recognizing its vital role in the

economic development of the nation. The Inter-Ministerial Board has been constituted on the recommendation of this working group in keeping with the need to handle increased demand for air cargo transportation and ensure rapid delivery of goods.

The 17-member Board with representatives of the level of Joint Secretary and above from

Dollar-Rupee Rate at NSE Futures									
Trade Date	Open Price	High Price	Low Price	Close Price	Daily Settlement Price	Open Interest	No. of Contracts	Value (Rs. lakhs)	RBI Reference rate
08-Jun-12	55.2175	55.8000	55.2175	55.7175	55.7175	1461830	2287441	1271164	55.3640
07-Jun-12	55.3200	55.3800	55.0650	55.1425	55.1425	1499910	1815925	1003095	55.1455
06-Jun-12	55.6575	55.8150	55.5150	55.5525	55.5525	1560999	1885280	1048900	55.4958
05-Jun-12	55.6425	56.0750	55.4625	55.9150	55.9150	1555740	1787799	998208	55.5615
04-Jun-12	56.1600	56.1600	55.4300	55.7075	55.7075	1607701	2233738	1243205	55.5155
01-Jun-12	56.5000	56.6100	56.0100	56.1475	56.1475	1546566	2831110	1591834	55.9175

[Source: NSE and RBI Website]

WEEKLY INDEX OF CHANGES

Provisional Antidumping Duty Imposed on Plain Gypsum Plaster Board from China, Indonesia, Thai and UAE

Ntnf 32(ADD G.S.R.434(E).-Whereas in the 07.06.2012 matter of imports of Plain Gypsum Plaster Boards of all thicknesses and dimensions, (DoR) excluding Gypsum Boards having water absorption up to and including 5%, generally referred to as Moisture Resistant Boards, and Gypsum Boards having a minimum breaking load of 24 Newtons in the transverse direction and 50 Newtons in the longitudinal direction per millimetre of thickness of the Board, characterized as Impact Resistant Boards or Fire Resistant Boards" (hereinafter referred to as the subject goods), falling under the heading 6809 of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) (hereinafter referred to as the said Customs Tariff Act), originating in, or exported from, China PR, Indonesia, Thailand, and UAE (hereinafter referred to as the subject countries) and imported into India, the

designated authority in its preliminary findings vide, notification No. 14/45/2010-DGAD, dated the 19th March, 2012, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part I, Section 1, dated the 19th March, 2012, had come to the conclusion that-

(i) the product under consideration had been exported to India from the subject countries below associated normal values, thus resulting in dumping of the product;

(ii) the domestic industry had suffered material injury;

(iii) the material injury to the domestic industry had been caused by the dumped imports from the subject countries, and had recommended imposition of provisional anti-dumping duty on the imports of subject goods, originating in, or exported from, the subject countries;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers

conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9A of the said Customs Tariff Act read with rules 13 and 20 of the Customs Tariff (Identification, Assessment and Collection of Anti-dumping Duty on Dumped Articles and for Determination of Injury) Rules, 1995, the Central Government, on the basis of the aforesaid findings of the designated authority, hereby imposes on the subject goods, the description of which is specified in column (3) of the Table below, falling under sub-heading of the First Schedule to the said Customs Tariff Act as specified in the corresponding entry in column (2), originating in the country specified in the corresponding entry in column (4), exported from the country specified in the corresponding entry in column (5), and produced by the producer specified in the corresponding entry in column (6) and exported by the exporter specified in the corresponding entry in column (7), and imported into India, an anti-dumping duty equal to the amount indicated in the corresponding entry in column (8), in the currency as specified in the corresponding entry in column (10) and per unit of measurement as specified in the corresponding entry in column (9) of the said Table.

Table

Sl.No	Sub-heading	Description of goods	Country of origin	Country of export	Producer	Exporter	Duty amount	Unit	Currency
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	68091100,	Plain Gypsum 680919 00Plaster Board	China PR	China PR	Any	Any	32.85	Cubic Metre(M ³)	US dollar
2	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	China PR	Any	Any	Any	32.85	do	US dollar
3	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Any	China PR	Any	Any	32.85	do	US dollar
4	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Indonesia	Indonesia	Any	Any	7.25	do	US dollar
5	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Indonesia	Any	Any	Any	7.25	do	US dollar
6	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Any	Indonesia	Any	Any	7.25	do	US dollar
7	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Thailand	Thailand	Siam Gypsum Industry (Saraburi) Co. Ltd.	Siam Gypsum Industry (Saraburi) Co. Ltd.	30.40	do	US dollar
8	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Thailand	Thailand	Siam Gypsum Industry (Songkhla) Co. Ltd.	Siam Gypsum Industry (Songkhla) Co. Ltd.	30.40	do	US dollar
9	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Thailand	Thailand	Any other combination	Any other combination	51.70	do	US dollar
10	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Thailand	Any	Any	Any	51.70	do	US dollar
11	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Any	Thailand	Any	Any	51.70	do	US dollar
12	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	UAE	UAE	M/s Gypsemna Co. (L.L.C.), Dubai	M/s Gypsemna Co. (L.L.C.), Dubai	9.46	do	US dollar
13	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	UAE	UAE	Any Other Combination	Any Other Combination	16.66	do	US dollar
14	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	UAE	Any	Any	Any	16.66	do	US dollar
15	do	Plain Gypsum Plaster Board	Any	UAE	Any	Any	16.66	do	US dollar

Note: 1. - For the purposes of this notification Fire Boards, Fire Heat Boards, Impact Boards, Gypsum Ceiling Boards with Moisture Barrier, ECHO Boards, Heat Boards, Anti-mold Boards or Weather Boards, Thermal Boards, Gypsum Ceiling Boards with Aluminium Edges Sealed in White Film shall not be liable to pay anti-dumping duty.

Note: 2. - The anti-dumping duty imposed under this notification shall be effective for a period of six months from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette and shall be payable in Indian currency.

Note: 3.- The rate of exchange applicable for the purposes of calculation of anti-dumping duty under this notification shall be the rate which is specified in the notification of the Government

of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), issued from time to time, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and the relevant date for the determination of the rate of exchange shall be the date of presentation of the bill of entry under section 46 of the said Customs Act. [F.No.354/70/2012 -TRU]

Safeguard Duty of 10% on Phthalic Anhydride for One Year under Final Findings

Ntnfn 03(SG) Whereas, in the matter of
29.05.2012 import of **Phthalic anhydride**
(DoR) (hereinafter referred to as the
subject goods), falling under
tariff item **2917 35 00** of the First Schedule to the
Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975)
(hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the
Director General (Safeguard), in preliminary
findings, *vide* number G.S.R. 719 (E), dated the
23rd September, 2011, published in the Gazette
of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-
section (i), dated the 23rd September, had
come to the conclusion that increased imports
of Phthalic anhydride into India had caused and
threatened to cause further serious injury to the
domestic producers of Phthalic anhydride and it
had necessitated the imposition of provisional
safeguard duty on imports of Phthalic anhydride
into India;

And whereas, on the basis of the aforesaid
findings of the Director General (Safeguard),
the Central Government had imposed provisional
safeguard duty on imports of the subject goods
vide notification of the Government of India in
the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue),
No. 1/2012-Customs (SG), dated the 17th
January, 2012, published in the Gazette of
India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-
section (i), *vide* number G.S.R.29 (E), dated the
17th January, 2012;

And whereas, the Director General (Safeguard)
in its final findings *vide* number G.S.R. 263(E),

dated the 29th March, 2012, published in the
Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section
3, Sub-section (i), dated the 29th March, 2012,
had come to the conclusion that increased
imports of Phthalic anhydride into India had
caused and threatened to cause further serious
injury to the domestic producers of Phthalic
anhydride and it necessitated the imposition of
safeguard duty on imports of Phthalic anhydride
into India, and had recommended the imposition
of safeguard duty on imports of the subject
goods into India;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers
conferred by sub-section (1) of section 8B of the
said Act, read with rules 12 and 14 of the
Customs Tariff (Identification and Assessment
of Safeguard Duty) Rules, 1997, the Central
Government after considering the said findings
of the Director General (Safeguards), hereby
imposes on Phthalic anhydride, falling under
tariff item 2917 35 00 of the First Schedule to the
said Act, when imported into India, a **safeguard
duty at the rate of 10% ad valorem**, when
imported from the **17th day of January, 2012 to
16th day of January, 2013** (both days inclusive).
2. Nothing contained in this notification shall
apply to imports of Phthalic anhydride from
countries notified as developing countries under
clause (a) of sub-section (6) of section 8B of the
said Act, other than Pakistan, China and
Thailand.

[F. No.354/1/2012-TRU]

Provisional Safeguard Duty Notification on Phthalic Anhydride Rescinded

Ntnfn 02(SG) In exercise of the powers
29.05.2012 conferred by sub-section (2) of
(DoR) section 8B of the Customs
Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975),
read with rules 10 and 14 of the Customs Tariff
(Identification and Assessment of Safeguard
Duty) Rules, 1997, the Central Government
hereby **rescinds** the notification of the
Government of India
in the Ministry of Finance (Department of
Revenue) no. **1/2012- Customs (SG), dated
the 17th January, 2012**, published in the Gazette
of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-
section (i), *vide* number G.S.R.29 (E), dated the
17th January, 2012, except as respects things
done or omitted to be done before such
rescission.

[F. No.354/1/2012-TRU]

Household Type Twin Door Refrigerators-Freezers at Zero Duty under Indo-Thai FTA

Ntnfn 38 In exercise of the powers
29.05.2012 conferred by sub-section (1) of
(DoR) section 25 of the Customs Act,
1962 (52 of 1962), the Central
Government, on being satisfied that it is
necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby
makes the following further amendments in the
notification of the Government of India in the
Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue),
**No.85/2004-Customs, dated the 31st August,
2004**, published in the Gazette of India,
Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section
(i), *vide* number G.S.R. 560 (E), dated the 31st
August, 2004, namely:-

In the said notification, in the TABLE, after
S.No. 49 and the entries relating thereto, the
following S.No. and entries shall be **inserted**,
namely:-

(1)	(2)	(3)
"49A	84181090	Compression-type combined refrigerator- freezers, fitted with separate external doors, household type"

[F.No. 354/213/2002-TRU (Pt.I)]

Taiwan Out of Acetone Anti-dumping Net after Review

Ntnfn 29(ADD) Whereas, the designated
29.05.2012 authority *vide* notification No.
(DoR) 15/2/2011-DGAD, dated the
15th April,2011, published in
the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part I,
Section 1, dated the 15th April,2011, had initiated
review in terms of sub-section (5) of section 9A
of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975)
(hereinafter referred to as the said Customs
Tariff Act) and in pursuance of rule 23 of the
Customs Tariff (Identification, Assessment and
Collection of Anti-dumping Duty on Dumped

Notifications Rescinded Following Adoption of Substitute Schedule Rate

- Peak Excise Duty Rates
- Excise Duty on Cigarette upto 65mm
- Additional Excise Duty on Cigarette upto 65mm
- NCCD on Non Filter Cigarette upto 65mm
- Zero Excise on Articles of Jewellery
- Excise exempted on parts of locomotives manufactured or used by Central Government Departments

27-CE G.S.R. 409 (E).- In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of
30.05.2012 section 5A of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), the Central Government,
(DoR) being satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, hereby
rescinds the following notifications of the Government of India in the Ministry of
Finance (Department of Revenue), published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section
3, Sub-section (i), as specified in column (2) of the Table below, except as respects things done or
omitted to be done before such rescission, namely:-

Table

Sl. No.	Notification No. and Date
(1)	(2)
1.	09/2012 – Central Excise, dated 17-03-2012.[G.S.R. 160 (E), dated 17-03-2012]
2.	10/2012 – Central Excise, dated 17-03-2012.[G.S.R. 161 (E), dated 17-03-2012]
3.	11/2012 – Central Excise, dated 17-03-2012.[G.S.R. 162 (E), dated 17-03-2012]
4.	18/2012 – Central Excise, dated 17-03-2012.[G.S.R. 169 (E), dated 17-03-2012]
5.	23/2012 - Central Excise, dated 08-05-2012. [G.S.R. 345 (E), dated 08-05-2012]

[F. No. B-1/1/2012 -TRU]

Articles and for Determination of Injury) Rules, 1995 (hereinafter referred to as the said rules), in the matter of continuation of anti-dumping duty on imports of Acetone, falling under Chapter 29 of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), originating in, or exported from, Chinese Taipei, imposed vide notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 33/2008-Customs, dated the 11th March, 2008, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R.174 (E), dated the 11th March, 2008, and had recommended withdrawal of the said anti-dumping duty vide notification No. 15/2/2011-DGAD, dated the 10th April, 2012, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part I, Section 1, dated the 10th April, 2012,

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and sub-section (5) of section 9A of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), read with rules 18 and 20 of the Customs Tariff (Identification, Assessment and Collection of Anti-dumping Duty on Dumped

Articles and for Determination of Injury) Rules, 1995, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 33/2008-Customs, dated the 11th March, 2008, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R. 174 (E), dated the 11th March, 2008, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such amendment, namely:-

In the said notification, in the **Table**, -

- (i) Sl. No. 1 and the entries relating thereto shall be **omitted**;
- (ii) Sl. No. 2 and the entries relating thereto shall be **omitted**;
- (iii) Sl. No. 3 and the entries relating thereto shall be **omitted**;
- (iv) Sl. No. 4 and the entries relating thereto shall be **omitted**;
- (v) Sl. No. 5 and the entries relating thereto shall be **omitted**.

[F.No.354/65/2007 –TRU (Pt-I)]

Anti-dumping Duty of US\$110.72/MT Imposed on Aniline from EU for Five Years

Ntnf 30(ADD) Whereas, in the matter of 29.05.2012 import of **Aniline** (hereinafter referred to as the subject goods), falling under sub-heading **292141** of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) (hereinafter referred to as the said Customs Tariff Act), originating in, or exported from **European Union** (hereinafter referred to as the subject countries) and imported into India, the

designated authority, vide its final findings No. 14/39/2010-DGAD, dated the 13th April, 2012, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part I, Section 1, dated the 13th April, 2012, had come to the conclusion that-

(a) the subject goods had entered the Indian market from the subject countries below associated normal values, thus resulting in dumping of the subject goods;

(b) the domestic industry had suffered material injury in respect of the subject goods; and

(c) the material Injury to the domestic industry had been caused due to dumped imports of the subject goods from the subject countries.

and had recommended imposition of definitive anti-dumping duty on the imports of subject goods, originating in or exported from, the subject countries.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 9A of the said Customs Tariff Act, read with rules 18 and 20 of the Customs Tariff (Identification, Assessment and Collection of Anti-dumping Duty on Dumped Articles and for Determination of Injury) Rules, 1995, the Central Government, on the basis of the aforesaid findings of the designated authority, hereby imposes on the goods, the description of which is specified in column (3) of the Table below, the specification of which is specified in the corresponding entry in column (4), falling under sub-heading of the First Schedule to the said Customs Tariff Act as specified in the corresponding entry in column (2), originating in the countries as specified in the corresponding entry in column (5), and exported from the countries as specified in the corresponding entry in column (6), and produced by the producers as specified in the corresponding entry in column (7), and exported by the exporters as specified in the corresponding entry in column (8), and imported into India, an anti-dumping duty at the rate equal to the amount as specified in the corresponding entry in column (9), in the currency as specified in the corresponding entry in column (11) and per unit of measurement as specified in the corresponding entry in column (10) of the said Table.

Table

Sl. No	Sub-heading	Description of goods	Specification	Country/territory of origin	Country/territory of exports	Producer	Exporter	Amount	Unit of measurement	Currency
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1	292141	Aniline	Any	European Union	European Union	Any	Any	110.72	MT	US dollar
2	292141	Aniline	Any	European Union	Any country other than European Union	Any	Any	110.72	MT	US dollar
3	292141	Aniline	Any	Any country other than European Union	European Union	Any	Any	110.72	MT	US dollar

2. The anti-dumping duty imposed under this notification shall be effective for a period of five years (unless revoked, amended and superseded earlier) from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette and shall be payable in Indian currency.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this notification, rate of exchange applicable for the purposes of calculation of such anti-dumping duty shall be the rate which is specified in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), issued from time to time, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and the relevant date for the determination of the rate of exchange shall be the date of presentation of the bill of entry under section 46 of the said Customs Act.

[F. No.354/335/2011-TRU]

Maldives Pulses Quota of 73MTs Released

Subject: Exemption for export of pulses to the Republic of Maldives.

118-Ntnf(RE) In exercise of the powers 30.05.2012 conferred by Section 5 of the (DGFT) Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act, 1992 (No.22 of 1992) as amended, read with Para 2.1 of the Foreign Trade Policy, 2009-2014, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the Notification No. 15 (RE-2006)/2004-09 dated 27.06.2006 read with Notification No. 109 (RE – 2010)/2009-2014 dated 27.03.2012.

2. Export of pulses had been prohibited vide Notification No. 15(RE-2006)/2004-09 dated 27.06.2006 which had initially been imposed for a period of 6 months and is presently extended till 31.03.2013 vide Notification No. 109 (RE –

2010)/2009-2014 dated 27.03.2012.

3. Now, 73 MTs of pulses is being allowed for export to the Republic of Maldives through MMTC Ltd. during the period 2012-13 which is an exception to the prohibition imposed by the above notifications.

4. Export of 80 MTs of pulses to the Republic of Maldives through MMTC Ltd. during the period 2013-14 would also be exempted from any export ban.

5. Effect of this notification:

73 MTs of pulses for the year 2012-13 and 80 MTs of pulses for the year 2013-14 to the Republic of Maldives would be permitted to be exported through MMTC Ltd.

Air Cargo Mumbai Launches Two Months Drawback Clearance Drive

The following Public Notice was issued by the Office of the Commissioner of Customs, Air Cargo Complex Mumbai on 21 May 2012

Subject:- Constitution of Special Drawback cell to clear the pendency of the drawback claims observance of May and June, 2012 as Drawback Clearance Months

18-PN/2012 It has been decided to launch a drive to clear the pending drawback claims. The months of May and June 2012 are accordingly being observed as Drawback clearance months at Air Cargo Complex Mumbai.

2. A Special Drawback Cell headed by the Deputy Commissioner, in charge of the Drawback Section, Shri R. N. Verma, having office at Air Cargo Complex, Sahar, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400099, Phone No. 022- 26829082 is hereby appointed as the Nodal Officer from the Customs side for the aforesaid purpose

3. The Special Drawback Cell headed by the Nodal Officer shall Co-ordinate with Trade and all export related sections to speed up the processing the Drawback claims and clear pendency thereof.

4. The following special procedures are going to be followed by Air Cargo Complex during this period:

4.1. A list of all pending Drawback claims shall be posted on the website of Air Cargo complex. The list will be updated on every Tuesday till last Tuesday of the May. Simultaneously a soft copy of list will also be forwarded to BCHA, FIEO and the other export organisations to forward it to their members.

4.1.1. Some of the drawback claims are pending for considerable period for want of replies of the queries. In these cases, the exporter can directly approach the Additional Commissioner (Drawback) with reply to their queries.

4.2. A number of exporter who had exported their goods under claim of Brand Rate, have not submitted required documents for processing of their claims. The list of such exporter is also to be displayed and exporters are also being contacted personally. All the exporter are requested go through the list and submit the relevant documents expeditiously.

4.3. It may please be noted that in case the queries are not replied to, Custom shall be disposing off the claim on the basis of records available with the Department.

5. All the exporters are requested to avail the opportunity and get their claims disposed off during the drive. In case of any difficulty, the exporters can contact Additional Commissioner (DBK) at phone no.022-26828146.

File No.S/3-SO/PN-102/2010 DBK(EDI),ACC Dated: 21.05.2012

DGFT Notifies Nine More SEZ Port Codes

Sub:- File applications for 9 SEZ port codes

66-Pol.Cir Director General (Systems) have accorded SEZ port codes to the following 9 SEZs which have been (DGFT) uploaded on DGFT's website:-

Sl.No	Location code / Name of new SEZ Port	LOCODE (SEZ Port Codes)	State
1	MIDC SEZ/AURANGABAD (Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation)	IN AWM 6	Maharashtra
2	MIDC SEZ/NANDED(Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation)	IN DID 6	Maharashtra
3	MIDC SEZ/PUNE(Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation)	IN PUM 6	Maharashtra
4	NMSPL SEZ/RAIGAD(Navi Mumbai SEZ Pvt. Ltd.)	IN KLE 6	Maharashtra
5	MIDC SEZ/KESURDE(Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation)	IN STU 6	Maharashtra
6	IIIL SEZ/SINNAR(Indiabulls Industrial Infrastructure Ltd.)	IN NKI 6	Maharashtra
7	MIDC PHALTAN SEZ/SATARA (Maharashtra Industrial Development Corporation)	IN STM 6	Maharashtra

8	MSFPL SEZ/PUNE(Manjri Stud Farm Pvt. Ltd.)	IN PNU 6	Maharashtra
9	WIDL SEZ/AURANGABAD(Wockhardt Infrastructure Development Ltd.)	IN AWW 6	Maharashtra

2. Applicants may file applications using these codes in DGFT server wherever required under the provisions of Foreign Trade Policy 2009-14 / SEZ Act and Rules.

3. This issues with the approval of the DGFT.

DGFT Notifies 58 SEZ Ports Codes for Online Application Filing

Sub:- File applications for 58 SEZ ports codes

64-Pol.Cir Director General (Systems) have accorded SEZ port codes to the following 58 SEZs which have been (DGFT) uploaded on DGFT's website:-

Sl.No	Location code / Name of new SEZ Port	LOCODE (SEZ Port Codes)	State
1	FRESH HPL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Dr. Fresh Healthcare Private Ltd.)	IN GGF 6	Haryana
2	DLF SEZ/GURGAON (M/s DLF Ltd.)	IN GGD 6	Haryana
3	DLF CYBERCITY SEZ/GURGAON (M/s DLF Cyber City Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GDL 6	Haryana
4	SELECTO SEZ/FARIDABAD (M/s Selecto Systems Pvt. Ltd.)	IN FBS 6	Haryana
5	LUXOR SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Luxor Cyber City Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GGL 6	Haryana
6	ORIENT CRAFT SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Orient Craft Infrastructure Ltd.)	IN GGO 6	Haryana
7	GHI SEZ/GURGAON (M/s GHI Finalease & Investments Pvt. Ltd. (formerly M/s Assotech Realty Pvt. Ltd.))	IN GGG 6	Haryana
8	METRO SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Metro Valley Business Park Pvt. Ltd.)	IN FBM 6	Haryana
9	SUNCITY SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Suncity Haryana SEZ Developers Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GGS 6	Haryana
10	GIL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Gurgaon Infospace Ltd.)	IN GGI 6	Haryana
11	RELIANCE SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Reliance Haryana SEZ Ltd.)	IN GRN 6	Haryana
12	CANTON SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Canton IN Buidwell Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GHC 6	Haryana
13	SUNWISE SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Sunwise Properties P. Ltd.)	IN GGP 6	Haryana
14	ANSAL SEZ/SONEPAT (M/s Ansal Kamdhenu Engineering SEZ Ltd)	IN SNA 6	Haryana
15	ANSAL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Ansal SEZ Projects Ltd.)	IN GAS 6	Haryana
16	GPRL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s G.P. Reators (P) Ltd. (formerly M/s IREO Investment Holding (I) Ltd.))	IN GRL 6	Haryana
17	UNITECH REALITY SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Unitech Reality Projects Ltd.)	IN GGU 6	Haryana
18	MIPPL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Mohan Investments and Properties Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GGM 6	Haryana
19	MIDPL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Mayar Infrastructure Development Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GMI 6	Haryana
20	MID Pvt. Ltd. SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Mayar Infrastructure Development Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GID 6	Haryana
21	RAHEJA SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Raheja SEZs Ltd. (formerly Raheja Haryana SEZ Developers Pvt. Ltd.))	IN GRS 6	Haryana
22	MITTAL SEZ/PANIPAT (M/s Mittal Infratech Pvt. Ltd.)	IN PNI 6	Haryana
23	SBPL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Sohna Buildcon Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GGB 6	Haryana
24	AEPL SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Ascendan Estates Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GGE 6	Haryana
25	PERPETUAL SEZ/FARIDABAD (M/s Perpetual Infracon Pvt. Ltd.)	IN FBP 6	Haryana

26	ANANT SEZ/SONEPAT (M/s Anant Raj Industries Ltd.)	IN SNR 6	Haryana
27	PROGRESSIVE SEZ/GURGOAN (M/s Progressive Buildestate Pvt. Ltd.)	IN GPB 6	Haryana
28	MIKADO SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Mikado Realtors Pvt. Ltd.)	IN MKD 6	Haryana
29	ESPIRE SEZ/FARIDABAD (M/s Espire Infrastructure Corporation Ltd. (EICL))	IN FBE 6	Haryana
30	ORIENT/SEZ/GURGAON (M/s Orient Craft Infrastructure Ltd.)	IN GGC 6	Haryana
31	QUARKCITY SEZ/MOHALI (M/s Quarkcity India Pvt. Ltd.)	IN CDQ 6	Punjab
32	RANBAXY SEZ/MOHALI (M/s Ranbaxy Laboratories Ltd.)	IN CDR 6	Punjab
33	MAHINDRA SEZ/JAIPUR (M/s Mahindra World City (Jaipur) Ltd.)	IN JPM 6	Rajasthan
34	SOMANI SEZ/BHIWADI (M/s Somani Worsted Ltd.)	IN AWS 6	Rajasthan
35	VATIKA SEZ/JAIPUR (M/s Vatika Jaipur SEZ Developers Ltd.)	IN JPV 6	Rajasthan
36	GENPECT SEZ/JAIPUR (M/s Genpect Infrastructure (Jaipur) Pvt. Ltd.)	IN JGI 6	Rajasthan
37	RNBIPL SEZ/BIKANER (M/s RNB Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.)	IN BRI 6	Rajasthan
38	MAHINDRA SEZ/SANGANER (M/s Mahindra World City (Jaipur) Ltd.)	IN JPW 6	Rajasthan
39	MWCL SEZ/JAIPUR (M/s Mahindra World City (Jaipur) Ltd.)	IN JPC 6	Rajasthan
40	MAHINDRA WORLD SEZ/JAIPUR (M/s Mahindra World City (Jaipur) Ltd.)	IN JMW 6	Rajasthan
41	ANSAL IT CITY SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Ansal IT City and Parks Ltd.)	IN DIT 6	Uttar Pradesh
42	MOSERBAER SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Moser Baer India Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DEM 6	Uttar Pradesh
43	NIIT SEZ/NOIDA (M/s NIIT Technologies Ltd.)	IN DEN 6	Uttar Pradesh
44	WIPRO SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Wipro Ltd.)	IN DEW 6	Uttar Pradesh
45	HCL SEZ/NOIDA (M/s HCL Technologies Ltd.)	IN DEH 6	Uttar Pradesh
46	OSE SEZ/NOIDA (M/s OSE Infrastructure Ltd.)	IN NGO 6	Uttar Pradesh
47	SEAVIEW SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Seaview Developers Ltd.)	IN DES 6	Uttar Pradesh
48	UNITECH INFRA SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Unitech Infra Con SEZ)	IN DEU 6	Uttar Pradesh
49	PERFECT SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Perfect IT SEZ Pvt. Ltd.)	IN PSN 6	Uttar Pradesh
50	JUBILANT SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Jubilant Infracon Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DEJ 6	Uttar Pradesh
51	GALLANT SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Gallant Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DGI 6	Uttar Pradesh
52	AACHIVS SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Aachvis Softech Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DEA 6	Uttar Pradesh
53	UNITECH HI-TECH SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Unitech Hi-Tech Projects Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DET 6	Uttar Pradesh
54	SMRTPL SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Sarv-Mangal Real Tech Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DSM 6	Uttar Pradesh
55	IVR SEZ/NOIDA (M/s IVR Prime IT SEZ Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DEI 6	Uttar Pradesh
56	GOLDEN SEZ/NOIDA (M/s Golden Tower Infotech Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DGT 6	Uttar Pradesh
57	HARI SEZ/VARANASI (M/s Hari Fertilisers Ltd.)	IN BCH 6	Uttar Pradesh
58	RCIPL SEZ/NOIDA (M/s R.C. Infosystems Pvt. Ltd.)	IN DRC 6	Uttar Pradesh

2. Applicants may file applications using these codes in DGFT server wherever required under the provisions of Foreign Trade Policy 2009-14 / SEZ Act and Rules.

3. This issues with the approval of the DGFT.

Exchange Rates for Customs Valuation

Customs Introduces Seven More Currencies for Invoicing and Direct Conversion of Imports and Exports Value

[Great jobs done, finally! – Editor]

49-Cus(NT) In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the 07.06.2012 Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), and in super session (DoR) of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No.38/2012-CUSTOMS (N.T.), dated the 26th April, 2012 vide number S.O.924 (E), dated the 26th April, 2012, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such super session, the Central Board of Excise and Customs hereby determines that the rate of exchange of conversion of each of the foreign currency specified in column (2) of each of Schedule I and Schedule II annexed hereto into Indian currency or vice versa shall, with effect from 8th June, 2012 be the rate mentioned against it in the corresponding entry in column (3) thereof, for the purpose of the said section, relating to imported and export goods.

SNo.	Currency	Imported Goods		Exported Goods	
		Current	Previous	Current	Previous
Schedule I – Rate of exchange of one unit of foreign currency equivalent to Indian rupees					
1.	Australian Dollar	55.55	54.95	54.15	53.70
2.	Bahraini Dinar	150.30		142.25	
3.	Canadian Dollar	54.30	54.05	53.00	52.65
4.	Danish Kroner	9.45	9.50	9.20	9.20
5.	EURO	69.95	70.35	68.40	68.70
6.	Hong Kong Dollar	7.15	7.20*	7.05	7.10*
7.	Kenyan Shilling	66.35		62.60	
8.	Kuwaiti Dinar	202.60		191.10	
9.	New Zealand Dollar	43.05		42.00	
10.	Norwegian Kroner	9.20	9.35	8.95	9.05
11.	Pound Sterling	86.20	86.00	84.40	84.15
12.	Singapore Dollar	43.65	42.70	42.75	41.80
13.	South African Rand	6.85		6.45	
14.	South Arabian Riyal	15.10		14.30	
15.	Swedish Kroner	7.80	7.95	7.55	7.70
16.	Swiss Franc	58.30	58.50	57.00	57.10
17.	UAE Dirham	15.45		14.60	
18.	US Dollar	55.55	55.95	54.70	55.15

Schedule II – Rate of exchange of 100 units of foreign currency equivalent to Indian rupees

1	Japanese Yen	70.35	69.65**	68.60	67.90**
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[* w.e.f. 25.05.2012; ** w.e.f. 22.05.2012]

[F.No.468/10/2012-Cus.V]

Rupee Value under Indo-USSR Deferred Payment Protocol Revised to Rs. 75.594562 per Rouble from 9 May 2012

Subject: Deferred Payment Protocols dated April 30, 1981 and December 23, 1985 between Government of India and erstwhile USSR

AP(DIR Srs) Attention of Authorised Dealer Category-I (AD Category Cir. 130 -I) banks is invited to A.P. (DIR Series) Circular No. 126 25.05.2012 dated May 14, 2012, wherein the Rupee value of the Special Currency Basket was indicated as (RBI)

Rs. 73.305676 effective from April 26, 2012.

2. AD Category-I banks are advised that a further revision has taken place on May 4, 2012 and accordingly, the Rupee value of the Special Currency Basket has been fixed at **Rs.75.594562 with effect from May 9, 2012.**

3. AD Category-I banks may bring the contents of this Circular to the notice of their constituents concerned.

4. The Directions contained in this circular have been issued under sections 10(4) and 11(1) of the Foreign Exchange Management Act (FEMA), 1999 (42 of 1999) and are without prejudice to permissions / approvals, if any, required under any other law.

Tariff Value of Gold Up by \$30 per 10 grams

48-Cus(NT) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 14 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), (DoR) the Central Board of Excise & Customs, being satisfied that it is necessary and expedient so to do, hereby

makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 36/2001-Customs (N.T.), dated the 3rd August, 2001, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part-II, Section-3, Sub-section (ii), vide number S. O. 748 (E), dated the 3rd August, 2001, namely:-

In the said notification, for TABLE-1 and TABLE-2, the following Tables shall be substituted namely:-

“Table-1

S.No.	Chapter/ heading/ sub-heading/tariff item	Description of goods	Tariff value US \$ (Per Metric Tonne)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	1511 10 00	Crude Palm Oil	447 (i.e. no change)
2	1511 90 10	RBD Palm Oil	476 (i.e. no change)
3	1511 90 90	Others – Palm Oil	462 (i.e. no change)
4	1511 10 00	Crude Palmolein	481 (i.e. no change)

5	1511 90 20	RBD Palmolein	484 (i.e. no change)
6	1511 90 90	Others – Palmolein	483 (i.e. no change)
7	1507 10 00	Crude Soyabean Oil	580 (i.e. no change)
8	7404 00 22	Brass Scrap (all grades)	4270(i.e. no change)
9	1207 91 00	Poppy seeds	3896(i.e. no change)

Table-2

S.No.	Chapter/ heading/ sub-heading/tariff item	Description of goods	Tariff value US\$ (Per Metric Tonne)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	71 or 98	Gold, in any form, in respect of which the benefit of entries at serial number 321 and 323 of the Notification No. 12/2012-Customs dated 17.03.2012 is availed	531 per 10 grams
2	71 or 98	Silver, in any form, in respect of which the benefit of entries at serial number 322 and 324 of the Notification No. 12/2012-Customs dated 17.03.2012 is availed	899 per kilogram (i.e. no change)”

[F. No. 467/01/2012-Cus.V Pt.]]

Changes in Tariff Value on 31 May 2012

47-Cus(NT) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 14 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), (DoR) the Central Board of Excise & Customs, being satisfied that it is necessary and expedient so to do, hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 36/2001-Customs (N.T.), dated the 3rd August, 2001, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part-II, Section-3, Sub-section (ii), vide number S. O. 748 (E), dated the 3rd August, 2001, namely:-

In the said notification, for **TABLE-1 and TABLE-2**, the following Tables shall be substituted namely:-

“Table-1

S.No.	Chapter/ heading/ sub-heading/ tariff item	Description of goods	Tariff value US \$ (Per Metric Tonne)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	1511 10 00	Crude Palm Oil	447 (i.e. no change)
2	1511 90 10	RBD Palm Oil	476 (i.e. no change)
3	1511 90 90	Others – Palm Oil	462 (i.e. no change)
4	1511 10 00	Crude Palmolein	481 (i.e. no change)
5	1511 90 20	RBD Palmolein	484 (i.e. no change)
6	1511 90 90	Others – Palmolein	483 (i.e. no change)
7	1507 10 00	Crude Soyabean Oil	580 (i.e. no change)
8	7404 00 22	Brass Scrap (all grades)	4270
9	1207 91 00	Poppy seeds	3896

Table-2

S.No.	Chapter/ heading/ sub-heading/tariff item	Description of goods	Tariff value US\$ (Per Metric Tonne)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	71 or 98	Gold, in any form, in respect of which the benefit of entries at serial number 321 and 323 of the Notification No. 12/2012-Customs dated 17.03.2012 is availed	501 per 10 grams
2	71 or 98	Silver, in any form, in respect of which the benefit of entries at serial number 322 and 324 of the Notification No. 12/2012-Customs dated 17.03.2012 is availed	899 per kilogram”

[F. No. 467/01/2012-Cus.V Pt.]]

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