

To be published in Part-I Section I of the Gazette of India Extraordinary

F. No. 6/41/2026-DGTR
Government of India
Ministry of Commerce & Industry
Department of Commerce
Directorate General of Trade Remedies
4th Floor, Jeevan Tara Building,
5, Parliament Street, New Delhi- 110001

Dated: 22nd September 2026

SETU Case ID – AD/OI/ 045/2026

INITIATION NOTIFICATION

Subject: Initiation of an anti-dumping investigation concerning imports of "Glycine originating in or exported from China PR".

1. **F. No. 6/41/2026-DGTR:** Having regard to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 as amended from time to time (hereinafter referred to as the "Act") and the Customs Tariff (Identification, Assessment and Collection of Anti-dumping duty on Dumped Articles for Determination of Injury) Rules, 1995 as amended from time to time (hereinafter referred to as the "Rules" or the "Anti-dumping Rules"), Avid Organics Private Limited (hereinafter also referred to as the "applicant") has filed an application before the Designated Authority (hereinafter referred to as the "Authority"), for initiation of an anti-dumping investigation concerning imports of "**Glycine**" (hereinafter referred to as "subject good" or "product under consideration" or "PUC").
2. The present Application sought anti-dumping investigation concerning imports of the subject good originating in or exported from **China PR**. Hence, the Authority has considered **China PR** as the subject country in the present investigation.
3. The applicant has alleged that dumped imports of the subject good from the subject Country are causing material injury and has requested the imposition of anti-dumping duty on the imports of the subject good from the subject country.

A. PRODUCT UNDER CONSIDERATION

4. The product under consideration in the present application is "**Glycine**".
5. Glycine is a typically white material, odourless and sweet to the taste. In its dried form which is the form in which it is ordinarily sold, it is a free-flowing crystalline substance, like salt or sugar. Glycine is produced and sold in a variety of purity or grades and has multiple commercial names depending upon its level of purity or grade, in essence: crude, industrial, technical-grade, feed-grade, food-grade, EP grade or USP-grade and pharmaceutical-grade (injectable grade). The scope of the present investigation covers glycine of all grades.

6. Glycine is the smallest, simplest non-essential amino acid, functioning as a vital proteinogenic building block, inhibitory neurotransmitter in the central nervous system, and key component in collagen synthesis. Industrially, it is used as a flavour enhancer, buffering agent, pharmaceutical ingredient, and chemical intermediate. Glycine is sold in the market in different grades, ultimately determining the use case in addition to the price.
7. Applications of different grades of glycine are:
 - i. *Pharmaceutical grade (injectable grade) glycine is used either as an excipient or an active pharmaceutical ingredient ("API") in manufacturing pharmaceutical compounds.*
 - ii. *USP/IP grade glycine (also known as food grade) is sold for usage in products for human consumption such as a sweetener or food enhancer.*
 - iii. *Technical grade glycine is sold for applications such as industrial applications, agriculture, and as a chemical intermediate.*
 - iv. *Feed grade glycine is used as an amino acid supplement in poultry, livestock and pet diets.*
8. The different grades of PUC have nearly similar specifications including purity, however for purposes of different applications the distinguishing factor is the additional quality testing for a specific use case. These standards are not binding or mandatory but provide for additional tests for certain grades.

Unit of measurement

9. The prescribed unit of measurement for the product under consideration is Metric Tonnes (MT) or Kilogram (Kg).

Tariff classification

10. The PUC is classified under Chapter 29 of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 specifically under the sub-headings 29224910 and 29224990. The product is presently imported under various tariff headings 29224910 and 29224990. The applicant has also alleged the imports of PUC may be made under any other heading/tariff items. However, the customs classification is indicative only and not binding on the scope of the product under consideration.
11. The applicant has not proposed any product control numbers (PCN) methodology in its application. The parties to the present investigation may provide their comments on the scope of PUC and propose product control numbers (PCN) methodology, if any, within 15 days of circulation of the receipt of intimation of initiation of the investigation.

B. LIKE ARTICLE

12. The applicant has stated that there are no significant differences in the article produced by the applicant and exported from the subject country. The article produced by the applicant and that imported from the subject country is comparable in terms of physical and chemical characteristics, manufacturing

process and technology, functions and uses, product specifications, pricing, distribution and marketing, and tariff classification of the subject good. The subject good and the article manufactured by the applicant are technically and commercially substitutable. The applicant has claimed that the consumers of the product under consideration are using the subject good and the article manufactured by the applicant interchangeably. Thus, for the purposes of initiation of the present investigation, the article produced by the applicant has been *prima facie* considered as like article to the product being imported from the subject country.

C. SUBJECT COUNTRY

13. The subject Country in the present investigation is **China PR**.

D. PERIOD OF INVESTIGATION (POI)

14. The Authority has considered the period from 1st April 2025 to 31st March 2026 (12 months) as the period of investigation (POI) for the present investigation (hereinafter referred to as "POI"). The injury investigation period shall cover the period of 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023, 1st April 2023 to 31st March 2024, 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025 and the period of investigation.

E. DOMESTIC INDUSTRY AND STANDING

15. Rule 2(b) defines domestic industry as follows:

"domestic industry" means the domestic producers as a whole engaged in the manufacture of the like article and any activity connected therewith or those whose collective output of the said article constitutes a major proportion of the total domestic production of that article except when such producers are related to the exporters or importers of the alleged dumped article or are themselves importers thereof in such case the term domestic industry may be construed as referring to the rest of the producers"

16. The application has been filed by Avid Organics Pvt. Ltd. The applicant has submitted that they have not imported the subject good from the subject country and is not related to producers and exporters from the subject country. The applicant has submitted that their share in the total Indian production of the PUC during the POI is 66% .
17. As per the information available on record, the Authority considers that the Applicant constitutes an eligible domestic industry within the meaning of Rule 2(b) of the AD Rules and the application satisfies the requirement of Rule 5(3) of the AD Rules.

F. BASIS OF ALLEGED DUMPING

- a. **Normal Value for China PR**

18. The applicant has claimed that China PR should be treated as a non-market economy and the normal value should be determined in terms of Rule- 7 of Annexure I of the AD Rules. The applicant has cited Para 8(2) of Annexure I of the AD Rules and has stated that the Chinese producers should be directed to demonstrate that market economy conditions prevail in the industry producing the subject good in terms of Para 8(3) of Annexure I of the AD Rules. The applicant has claimed that for China PR, normal value should be determined in accordance with Para 7 and 8 of Annexure I of the AD Rules.
19. The applicant has submitted that efforts were made to determine normal value on the basis of price or constructed value in a market economy third country. However, the applicant could not get reliable information regarding the information on price or cost in market economy in a third country. Therefore, Normal Value has been calculated by taking into account best available estimates of raw materials and cost of utilities with addition of other manufacturing and general and administrative overheads and reasonable profit margin.

b. Export Price

20. The applicant has determined the export price for the subject country by considering the volume and value of imports as per its market intelligence. However, for the purpose of the determining export price of subject good from subject country, DG systems data has been adopted for ascertaining ex-factory export price. Adjustments on account of ocean freight, marine insurance, and other expenses have been made.

c. Dumping Margin

21. The normal value and the export price have been compared at ex-factory level, which *prima facie* shows that the dumping margin is above the *de-minimis* level and is significant with respect to the product under consideration exported from the subject country. Thus, there is *prima facie* evidence that the product under consideration from the subject country is being dumped in the Indian market by the exporters from the subject country.

G. EVIDENCE OF INJURY AND CAUSAL LINK

22. The applicant has provided *prima facie* evidence with respect to the injury suffered by the domestic industry due to the dumped imports. The volume of the subject imports from the subject country has increased in absolute terms. There is evidence of price suppression due to imports. The subject imports have had an adverse impact on the operating performance of the domestic industry.
23. From the foregoing, the Authority *prima facie* finds sufficient evidence of dumping of the subject good originating in or exported from the subject country, injury to the domestic industry and causal link between the alleged dumping and injury exist to justify initiation of an anti-dumping investigation in terms of Rule 5 of the Rules, to determine the existence, degree, and effect of alleged dumping and to recommend the amount of anti-dumping duty,

which if levied, would be adequate to remove injury to the domestic industry.

H. INITIATION OF ANTI-DUMPING INVESTIGATION

24. On the basis of the duly substantiated written application submitted by the applicant and having reached satisfaction based on the *prima facie* evidence submitted by the applicant concerning the dumping of the product under consideration originating in or exported from the subject country, the consequential injury to the domestic industry as a result of the alleged dumping of the product under consideration and the causal link between such injury and the dumped imports, and in accordance with Section 9A of the Act read with Rule 5 of the AD Rules, the Authority, hereby, initiates an anti-dumping investigation to determine the existence, degree, and effect of the dumping with respect to the product under consideration originating in or exported from the subject country and to recommend the appropriate amount of anti-dumping duty, which if levied, would be adequate to remove the injury to the domestic industry.

I. PROCEDURE

25. The provisions stipulated in Rule 6 of the Anti-Dumping Rules shall be followed in this investigation.

J. RETROSPECTIVE IMPOSITION OF DUTIES

26. The applicant has requested for retrospective imposition of the antidumping duty by claiming the following:
- a. There is clear history of dumping of the product from the subject country.
 - b. The importers in India are aware of the fact that exporters practice dumping of subject good into India. The importers are also aware that such a practice would cause injury to the Indian producers.
 - c. The exporters have resorted to massive dumping and dumping margin has remained significant during the period of investigation.
 - d. The performance of domestic industry has steeply declined over the period of investigation.
27. The Authority may seek the views/comments of the interested parties in this regard as per time limit given in the notification.

K. SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION

28. All the interested parties are required to register themselves on SETU Portal (<https://setu.dgtr.gov.in>). All communications and submissions from the interested parties shall be uploaded on the SETU portal under their registered name and corresponding SETU Case ID no. No - AD/OI/045/2026. It should be ensured that the narrative part of the submission is in searchable PDF/MS-Word format and data files are in MS-Excel format.
29. The known producers/exporters in subject country, the government of subject country through its Embassy in India, and the importers and users in India

who are known to be associated with the product under consideration are being informed separately to enable them to file all the relevant information within the time limits mentioned in this initiation notification. All such information must be filed in the form and manner as prescribed by this initiation notification, the Rules, and the applicable trade notices issued by the Authority.

30. Any other interested party may also make a submission relevant to the present investigation in the form and manner as prescribed by this initiation notification, the Rules, and the applicable trade notices issued by the Authority within the time limits mentioned in this initiation notification.
31. Any party making any confidential submission before the Authority is required to make a non-confidential version of the same available to the other interested parties.
32. The interested parties are further advised to keep a regular watch on the official website of the Directorate General of Trade Remedies at www.dgtr.gov.in and SETU portal (<https://setu.dgtr.gov.in>) for any updated information with respect to this investigation. Interested parties are directed to regularly visit the website of DGTR (<https://www.dgtr.gov.in/>) to stay apprised with the further developments in the subject investigation and remain informed regarding notices that may be issued from time to time regarding questionnaire formats, PCN methodology, PCN discussion/meeting schedule, notice of oral hearing, corrigendum, amendment notifications, and other such information.

L. TIME LIMIT

33. Any information relating to the present investigation should be uploaded on the SETU portal (<https://setu.dgtr.gov.in>) under their registered name and corresponding case ID – AD/OI/045/2026.
34. Both versions of each submission, the confidential version (CV) and the non-confidential version (NCV) must be uploaded in the respective designated columns within 37 days from the date on which the non-confidential version of the application filed by the domestic industry would be circulated by the Authority or transmitted to the appropriate diplomatic representative of the exporting country as per Rule 6(4) of the AD Rules, 1995. If no information is received within the stipulated time limit or the information received is incomplete, the Authority may record its findings based on the facts available on record and in accordance with the AD Rules, 1995.
35. All the interested parties are hereby advised to intimate their interest (including the nature of interest) in the instant matter and file their questionnaire responses within the above time limit as stipulated in this notification through SETU portal only.
36. The 15-day period to file comments on the scope of the PUC/ PCN Methodology shall run concurrently with the time limit mentioned in para 34 above of this Initiation Notification.
37. Extension due to Modification of PUC/PCN: An extension of time by 15 days shall be granted if the Authority, through a subsequent notice, modifies the PUC, and PCN that was not previously proposed or is different from the initiation notification. This extension of 15 days shall be granted from date of

such notification of modified PUC and PCN. Extension of time by 15 days stated in this paragraph is not applicable in instances where there is no change in the PUC, and PCN methodology after initiation of investigation. Requests for a further extension of time, beyond the 15-day extension (if granted), will ordinarily not be considered except in case of exceptional circumstances, in line with the Rule 6(4) of the AD Rules.

38. Any request for an extension must be submitted by the concerned parties through the SETU portal at least one day before the original deadline specified above. Requests submitted after this time will not be considered.

M. SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION ON CONFIDENTIAL BASIS

39. Where any party to the present investigation makes confidential submissions or provides information on a confidential basis before the Authority, such party is required to simultaneously submit a non-confidential version of such information in terms of Rule 7(2) of the Rules and in accordance with the relevant trade notices issued by the Authority in this regard. Failure to adhere to the above may lead to rejection of the response/submissions.
40. The parties making any submission (including Appendices/ Annexures attached thereto), before the Authority including questionnaire responses, are required to file confidential and non-confidential versions separately.
41. Such submissions must be clearly marked as 'confidential' or 'non-confidential' at the top of each page. Any submission that has been made to the Authority without such markings shall be treated as 'non-confidential' information by the Authority, and the Authority shall be at liberty to allow other interested parties to inspect such submissions.
42. The confidential version shall contain all information which is, by nature, confidential, and/or other information, which the supplier of such information claims as confidential. For the information which is claimed to be confidential by nature, or the information on which confidentiality is claimed because of other reasons, the supplier of the information is required to provide a good cause statement along with the supplied information as to why such information cannot be disclosed.
43. The non-confidential version of the information filed by the interested parties is required to be a replica of the confidential version with the confidential information preferably indexed or blanked out (where indexation is not possible) and such information must be appropriately and adequately summarized depending upon the information on which confidentiality is claimed. The non-confidential summary must be in sufficient detail to permit a reasonable understanding of the substance of the information furnished on a confidential basis. However, in exceptional circumstances, the party submitting the confidential information may indicate that such information is not susceptible to summary, and a statement of reasons containing a sufficient and adequate explanation as to why such summarization is not possible, must be provided to the satisfaction of the Authority.
44. The interested parties can offer their comments on the issues of confidentiality within 7 days from the date of circulation of the non-confidential version of the documents.
45. The Authority may accept or reject the request for confidentiality on

examination of the nature of the information submitted. If the Authority is satisfied that the request for confidentiality is not warranted or if the supplier of the information is either unwilling to make the information public or to authorize its disclosure in generalized or summary form, it may disregard such information.

46. Any submission made without a meaningful non-confidential version thereof or a sufficient and adequate cause statement in terms of Rule 7 of the Rules, and appropriate trade notices issued by the Authority, on the confidentiality claim shall not be taken on record by the Authority.

N. INSPECTION OF PUBLIC FILE

47. All non-confidential versions of submissions made by any interested party will be accessible to other interested parties through their respective login on the SETU portal.

O. NON-COOPERATION

48. In case any interested party refuses access to and otherwise does not provide necessary information within a reasonable period or within the time stipulated by the Authority in this initiation notification, or significantly impedes the investigation, the Authority may declare such interested party as non-cooperative and record its findings based on the facts available and make such recommendations to the Central Government as it deems fit.

**Digitally signed by
Amitabh Kumar
Date: 22-09-2026
16:27:31**

**(Amitabh Kumar)
Designated Authority**